



Pr Philippe Vandenkoornhuyse

Pratiques agricoles et conséquences évolutives sur les microorganismes du sol et les symbioses des plantes cultivées



AG SOERE PRO 2024

Université de Rennes
Campus de Beaulieu
CNRS
UMR6553 EcoBio,
Rennes, France



@symbioticworld



**Microorganisms can promote evolutionary advantages
to its host over generations**

A number of examples...

Acremonium coenophialum **associated with** *Festuca arundinacea*

Festuca arundinacea, Kentucky31 (1971 by E. N. Fergus),

Poor soils,
Resistant to pest and drought.



→ *Kentucky 31 = invasive*



<https://www.walmart.com>

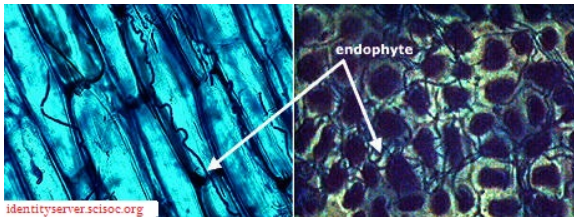
Festuca arundinacea, Kentucky31 (1971 by E. N. Fergus),

Acremonium coenophialum

Synthesis of Ergovaline + Loline → grazing resistance



alcaloids



+



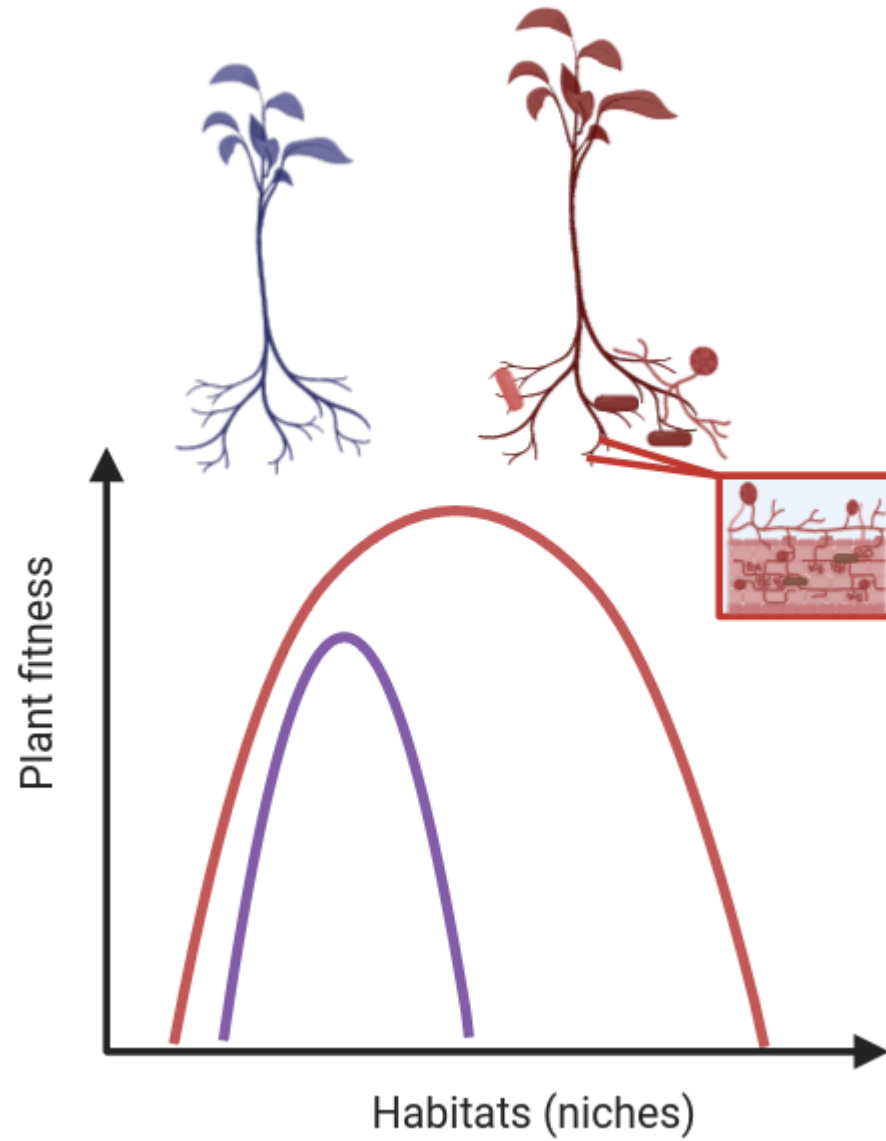
Grazers

-Weight loss

=

-Abortion

-other negative effects



Plant fitness

Not necessarily a consequence of plant genome itself !

P ≠ G

Microbiota do
matter

Plant fitness

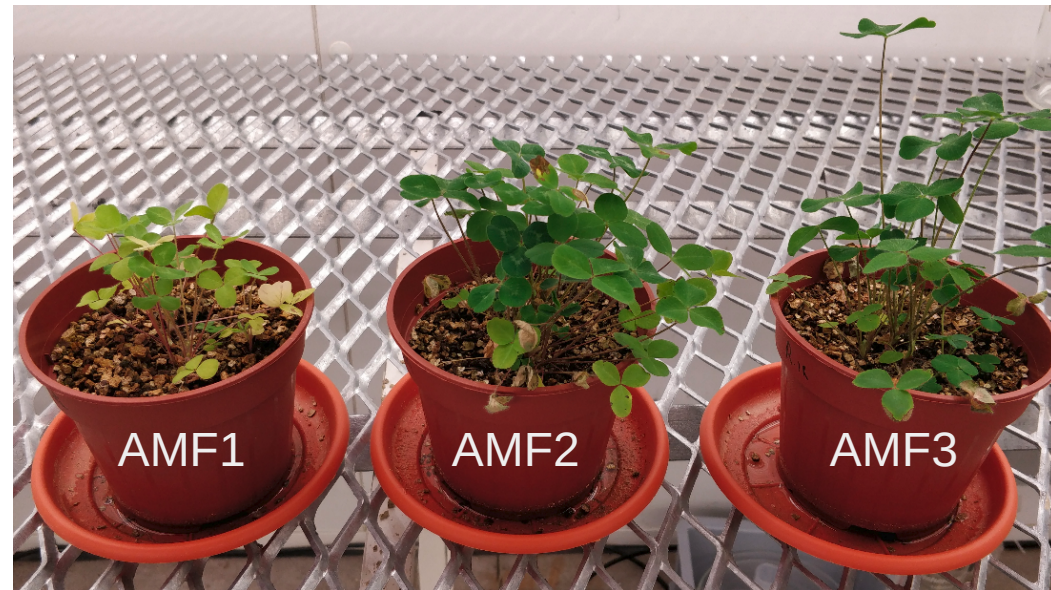
Not necessarily a consequence of plant genome itself !

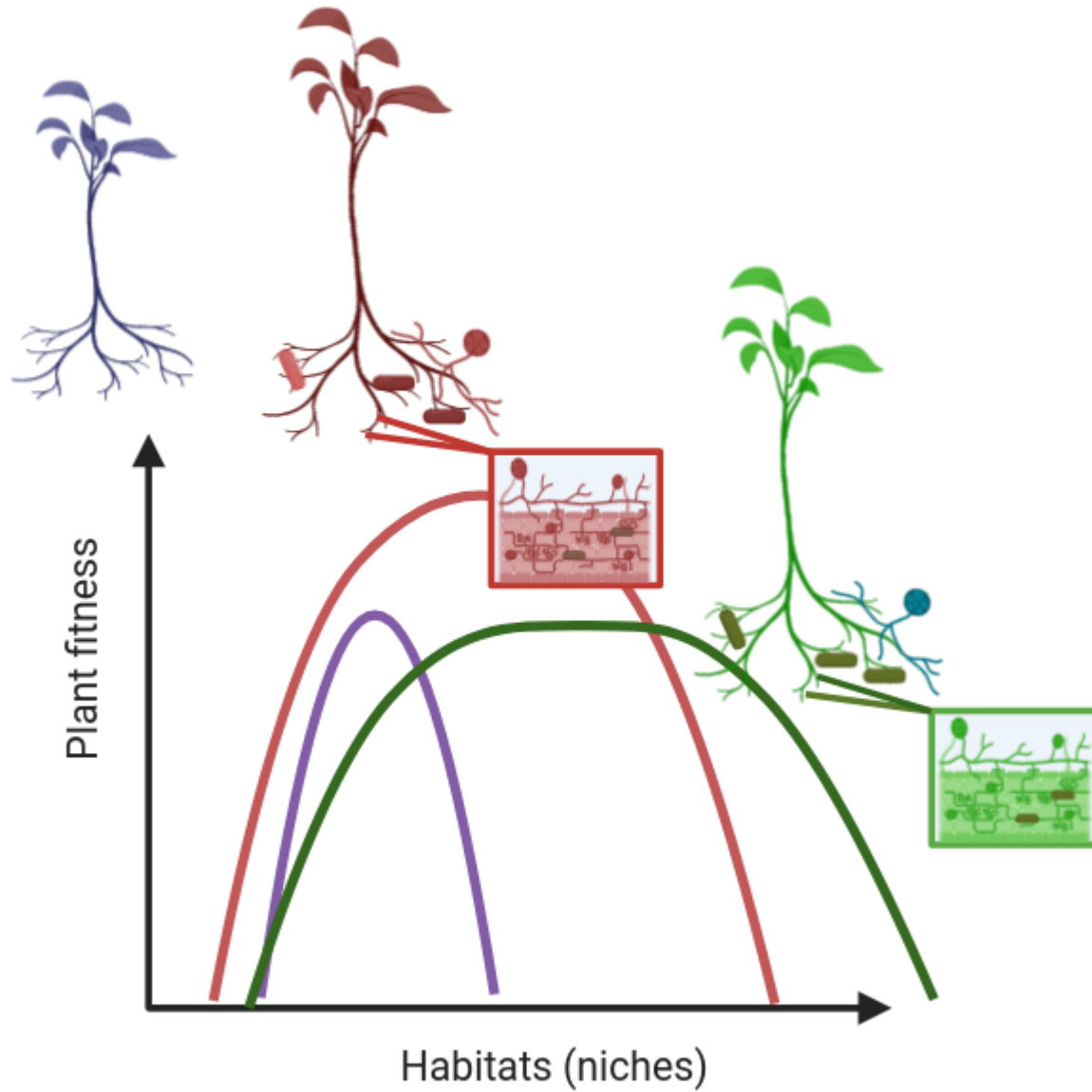
P ≠ G

Microbiota do
matter

Trifolium pratense

same growth conditions and duration
3 different mycorrhizal inocula
→ reproducible



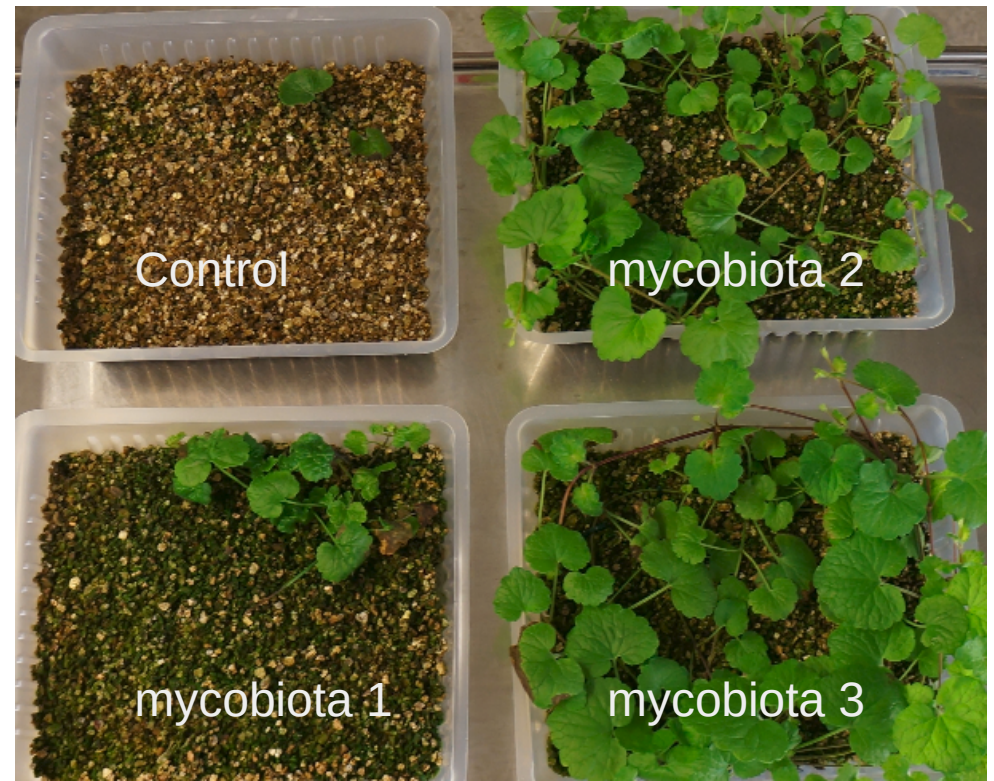


Plant fitness

Not necessarily a consequence of plant genome itself !

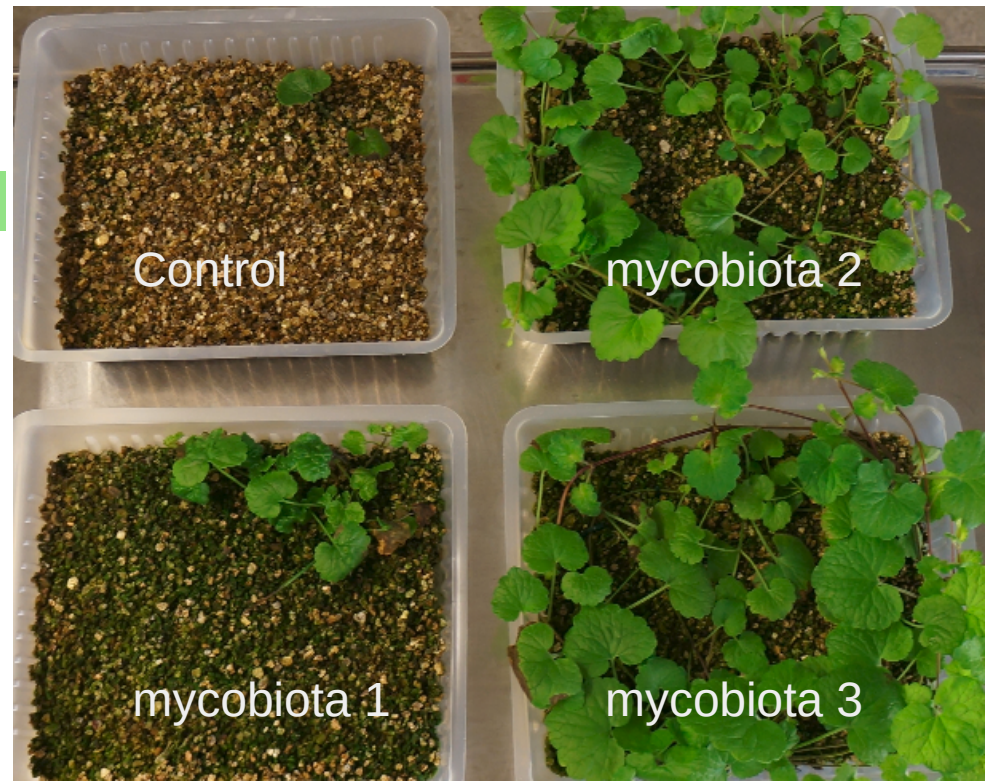
Microbiota do matter

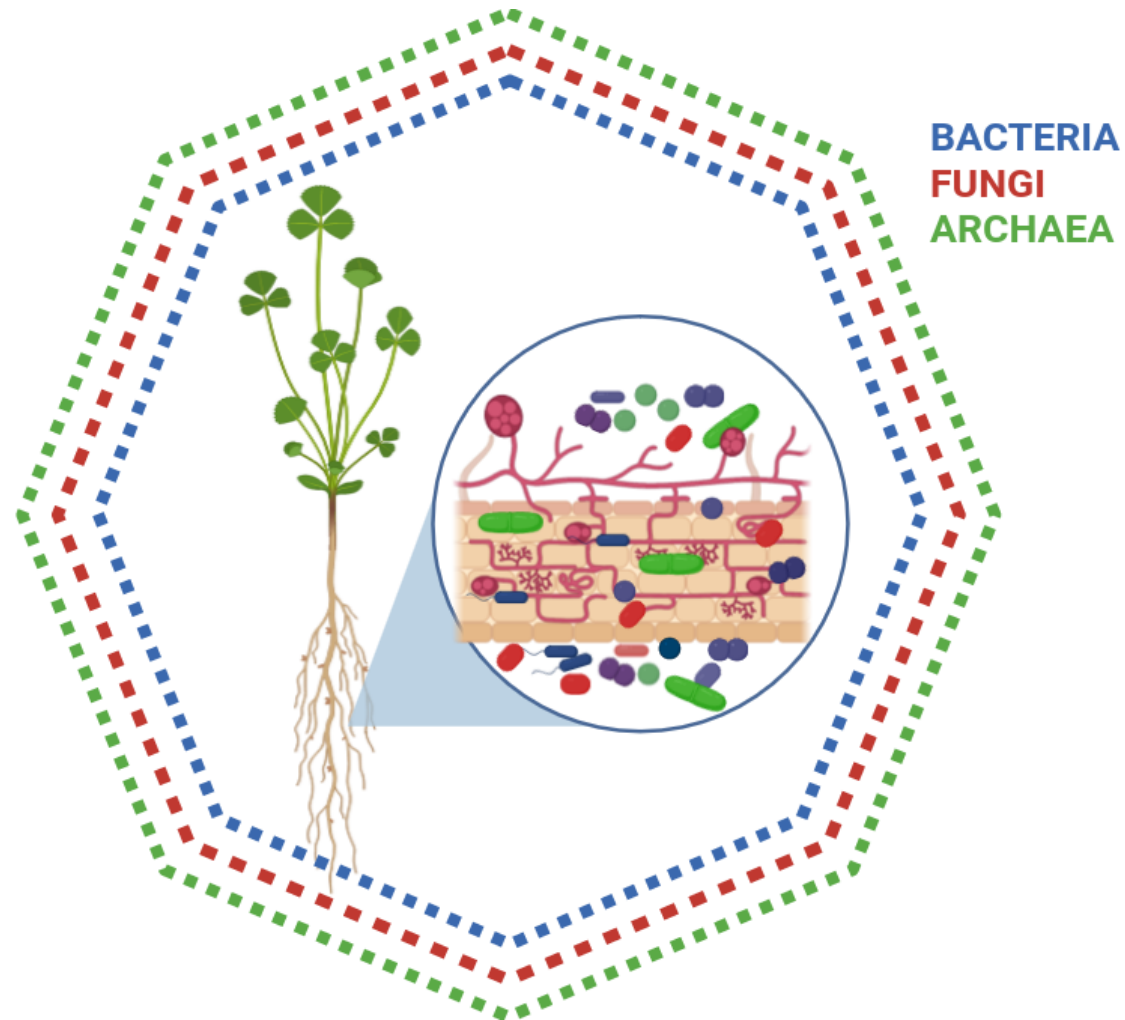
*Single genotype of the clonal
Glechoma hederacea
same growth conditions and duration
3 different mycobiota inocula
→ reproducible*



Plant fitness

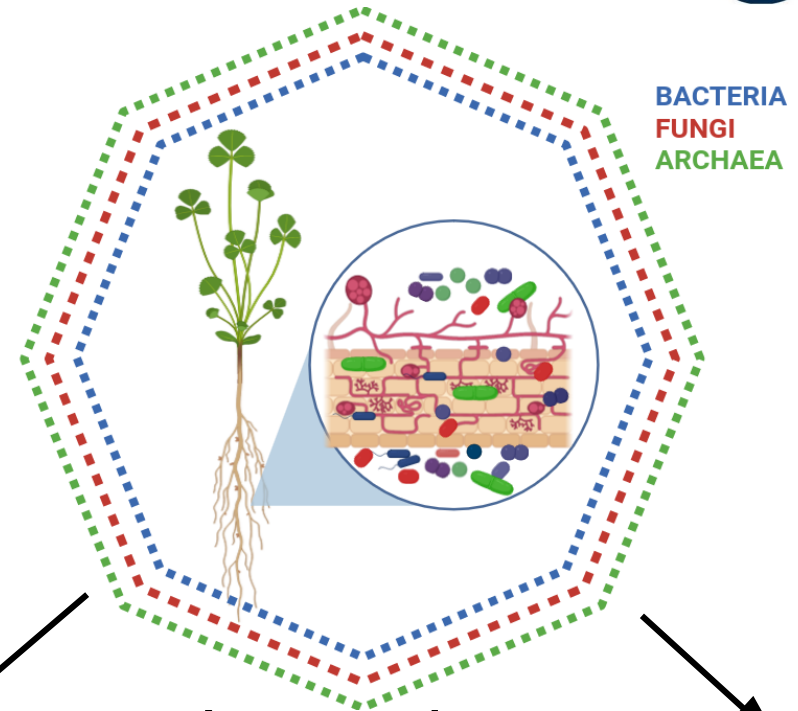
$P \neq G$ $P \neq G \times E$ but $P \sim M$





The microorganisms functions (microbiota) extend the plant adaptive abilities = add-on genetic components

Microorganisms transmission between generations



Avoids the cost of searching for symbionts

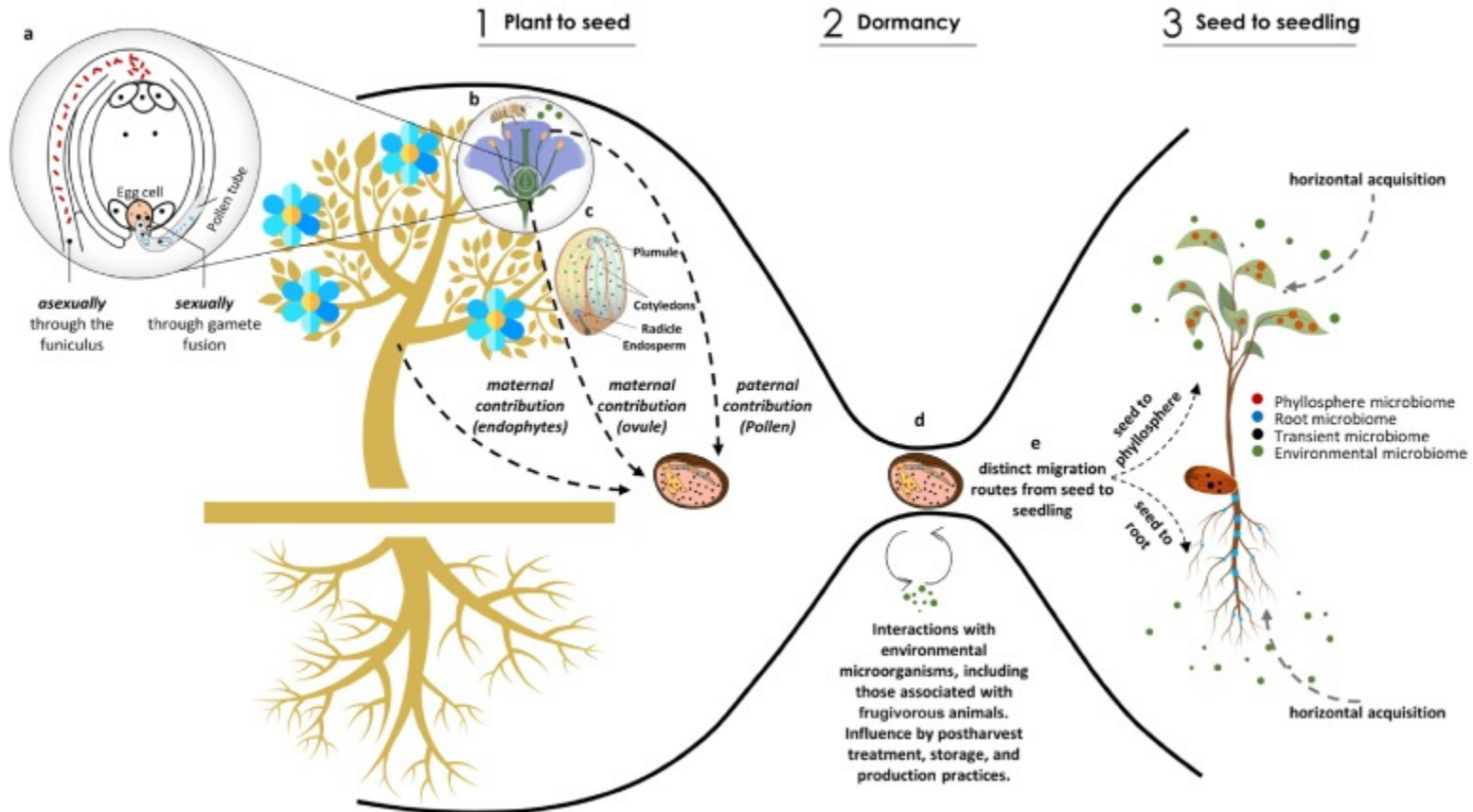
Ensures habitat quality

Fitness

Constitutes a continuity of partnership

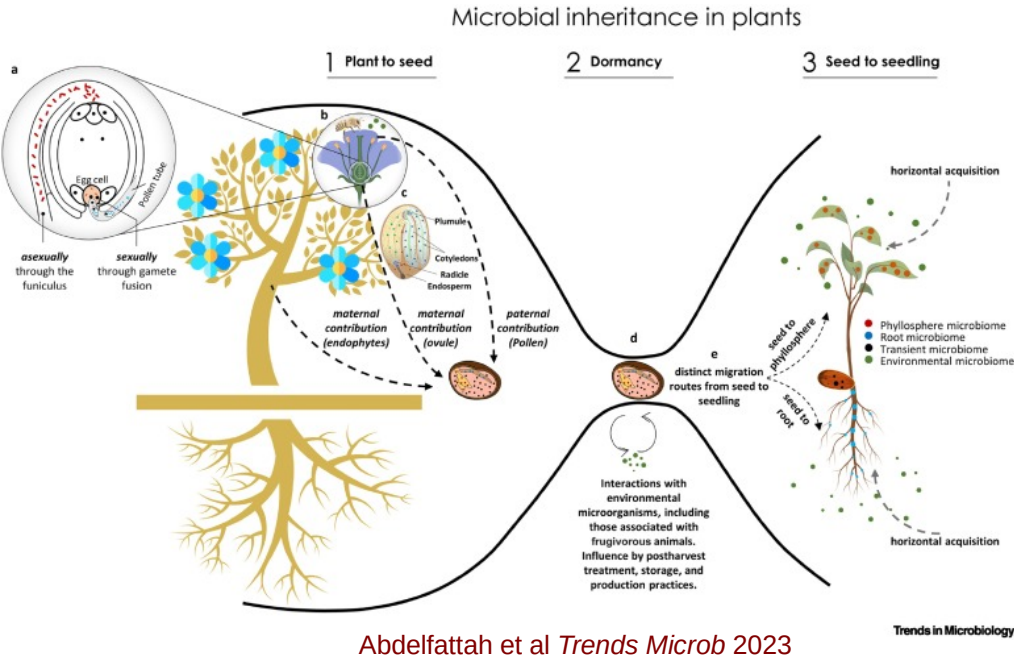
Seed-borne microorganisms (i.e. vertical transmission):

Microbial inheritance in plants



Trends in Microbiology

Seed-borne microorganisms (i.e. vertical transmission):



Bacillus subtilis phytoprotection

Pseudomonas putida

Azoarcus sp growth

Gluconacetobacter diazotrophicus

Burkholderia phytofirmans

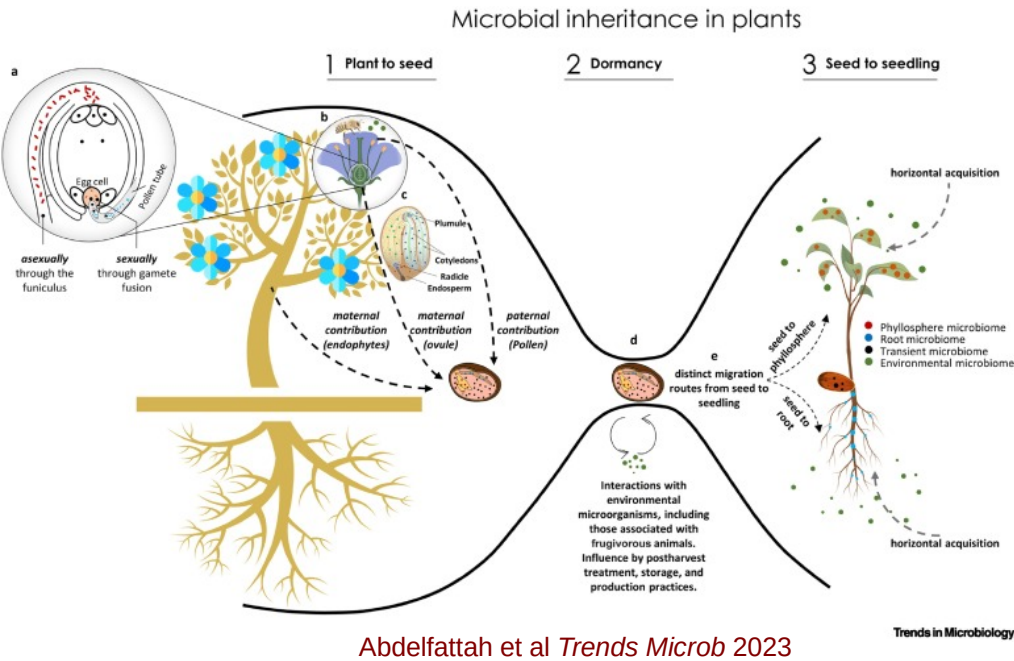
Pseudomonas fluorescens

Herbaspirillum seropedicae rooting

Acremonium coenophialum drought, grazers

And also pathogens often reported ...

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Bacillus subtilis phytoprotection

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Beside these vertically transmitted microorganisms, a large proportion of the microbiota is recruited from the soil microbial reservoir

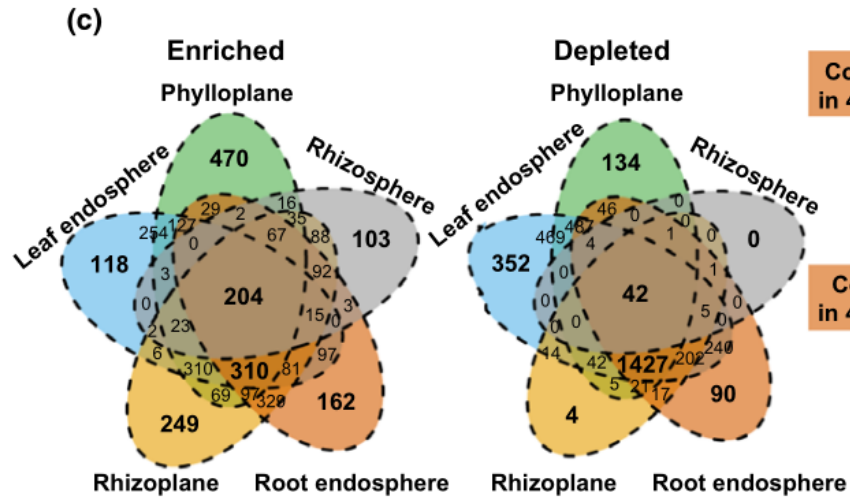
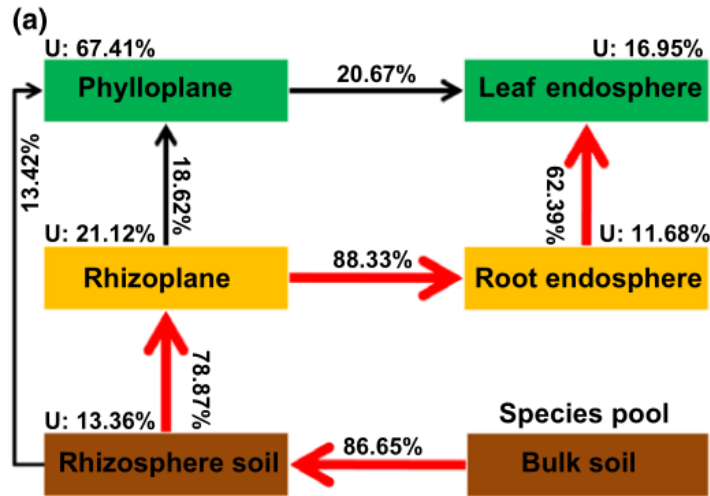


Research

Host selection shapes crop microbiome assembly and network complexity

Chao Xiong^{1,2} , Yong-Guan Zhu^{1,3} , Jun-Tao Wang¹ , Brajesh Singh^{4,5} , Li-Li Han^{1,2} , Ju-Pei Shen^{1,2}, Pei-Pei Li⁶, Gui-Bao Wang⁷, Chuan-Fa Wu^{1,6}, An-Hui Ge^{1,2}, Li-Mei Zhang^{1,2}  and Ji-Zheng He^{1,2} 

¹State Key Laboratory of Urban and Regional Ecology, Research Center for Eco-Environmental Sciences, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100085, China; ²University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100049, China; ³Key Laboratory of Urban Environment and Health, Institute of Urban Environment, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Xiamen 361021, China; ⁴Global Centre for Land-Based Innovation, Western Sydney University, Penrith, NSW 2751, Australia; ⁵Hawkesbury Institute for the Environment, Western Sydney University, Penrith, NSW 2751, Australia; ⁶College of Resource and Environmental Sciences, Henan Agricultural University, Zhengzhou 450002, China; ⁷Soil and Fertilizer Station of Qilin District, Qujing, Yunnan Province 655000, China

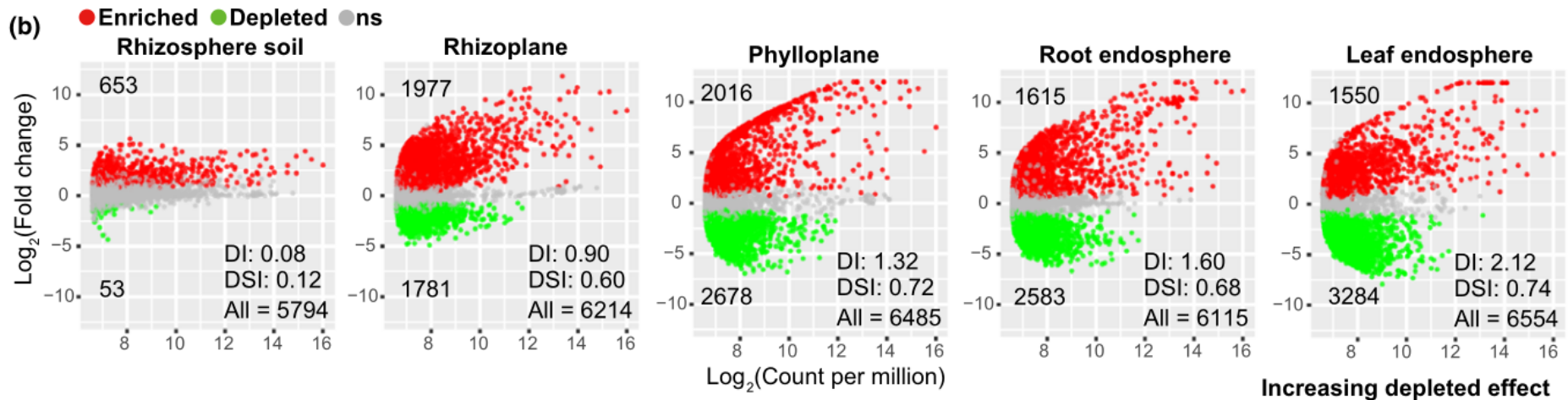


Commonly enriched ZOTUs in 4 plant niches (310 in total)

- Enterobacteriaceae (40)
- Sphingomonadaceae (36)
- Methylobacteriaceae (30)

Commonly depleted ZOTUs in 4 plant niches (1427 in total)

- Chitinophagaceae (101)
- Gemmatimonadaceae (96)
- Cytophagaceae (75)



Testing the validity of the hologenome concept

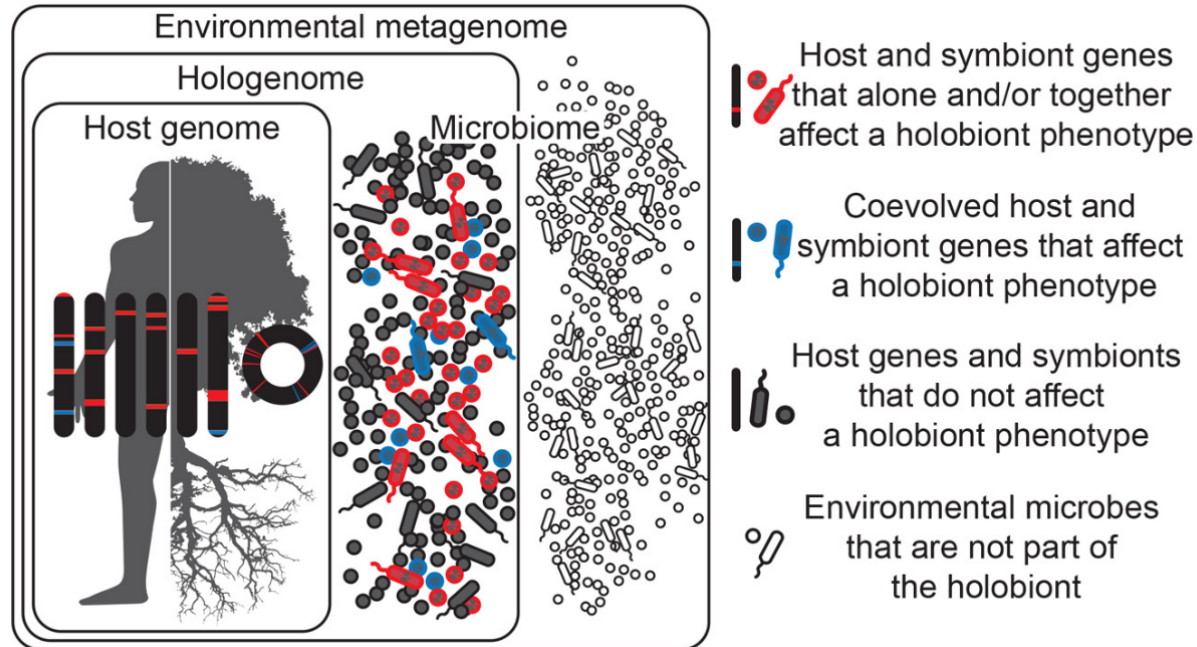


FIG 1 Holobionts are entities comprised of the host and all of its symbiotic microbes, including those which affect the holobiont's phenotype and have coevolved with the host (blue), those which affect the holobiont's phenotype but have not coevolved with the host (red), and those which do not affect the holobiont's phenotype at all (gray). Microbes may be transmitted vertically or horizontally, may be acquired from the environment, and can be constant or inconstant in the host. Therefore, holobiont phenotypes can change in time and space as microbes come into and out of the holobiont.

Testing the validity of the hologenome concept

iScience

 CellPress
OPEN ACCESS

Article

Evaluating the hologenome concept
by analyzing the root-endosphere
microbiota of chimeric plants

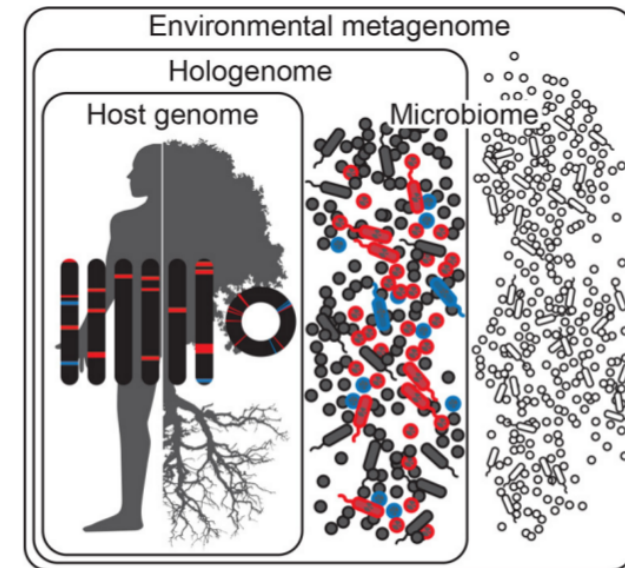
Marine Biget,^{1,5,6} Tingting Wang,^{1,2,6} Cendrine Mony,¹ Qicheng Xu,² Lucie Lecoq,¹ Véronique Chable,³
Kevin R. Theis,⁴ Ning Ling,^{2,*} and Philippe Vandenkoornhuyse^{1,7,*}

Testing the validity of the hologenome concept

1- Hypothesis H0 : if hologenome is just an intellectual concept, pattern of recruitment are expected only passive, stochastic differences in the microbiota community among plants are expected.

Hypothesis **REJECTED**
 Pattern of recruitment is not stochastic and hologenome is most likely not just an intellectual concept

Determinism in microbial recruitment & homeostasis
 Variations mostly related to heterogeneity in the soil microbial reservoir



Hologenome concept opens opportunities to see life in a different way

Hologenome / holobiont : a new level of biological organization

=A breakup paradigm in the understanding of the world around us, that transforms scientific methods and philosophical ideas

A Copernican revolution
(E Kant)

A shift in the ideas for future agriculture : Rethinking what is key

(taking into account the need of a sustainable and productive agriculture
→ microorganisms within agriculture)

Holobionts : the right way to consider plant individuals

Toward an agriculture of holobionts ? → Key concern One

A needed soil microorganisms reservoir for plant microbiota recruitment

Detrimental effects of current conventional agriculture on soil microbial reservoir ?

A needed soil microorganisms reservoir for plant microbiota recruitment



AMERICAN
SOCIETY FOR
MICROBIOLOGY




RESEARCH ARTICLE
Applied and Environmental Science



July/August 2020 Volume 5 Issue 4 e00337-20

Long-Term Chemical-Only Fertilization Induces a Diversity Decline and Deep Selection on the Soil Bacteria

Qicheng Xu,^{a,b}  Ning Ling,^{a,b} Huan Chen,^c Yinghua Duan,^d Shuang Wang,^e Qirong Shen,^a Philippe Vandenkoornhuys^b

A needed soil microorganisms reservoir for plant microbiota recruitment

Detrimental effects of current conventional agriculture on soil microbial reservoir

A needed soil microorganisms reservoir for plant microbiota recruitment

Detrimental effects of current conventional agriculture on soil microbial reservoir

→ Evolutionary effects of agriculture ?

PNAS

RESEARCH ARTICLE

AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES

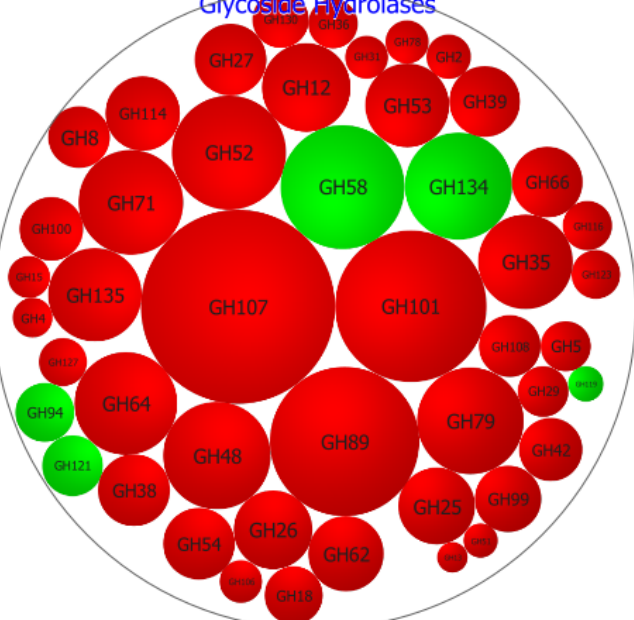
 OPEN ACCESS

Carbon starvation raises capacities in bacterial antibiotic resistance and viral auxiliary carbon metabolism in soils

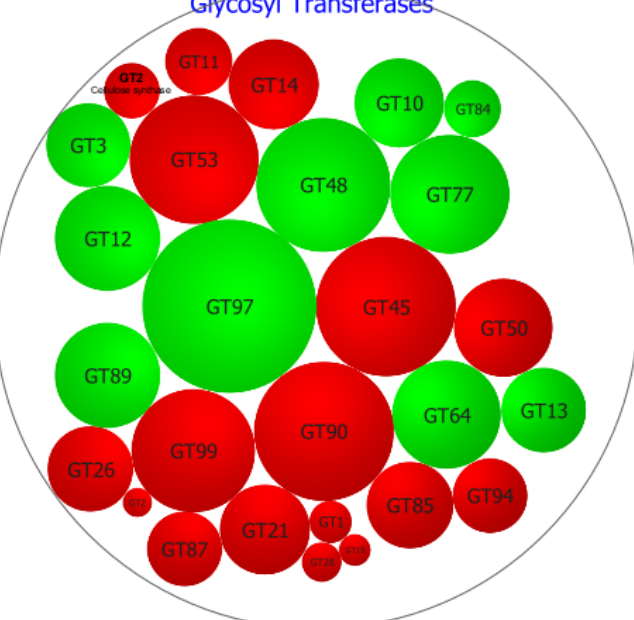
Qicheng Xu^{a,b,1}, He Zhang^{a,c,1}, Philippe Vandenkoornhuys^b, Shiwei Guo^a, Yakov Kuzyakov^{d,e} , Qirong Shen^{a,2}, and Ning Ling^{c,2} 

2024 Vol. 121 No. 16 e2318160121

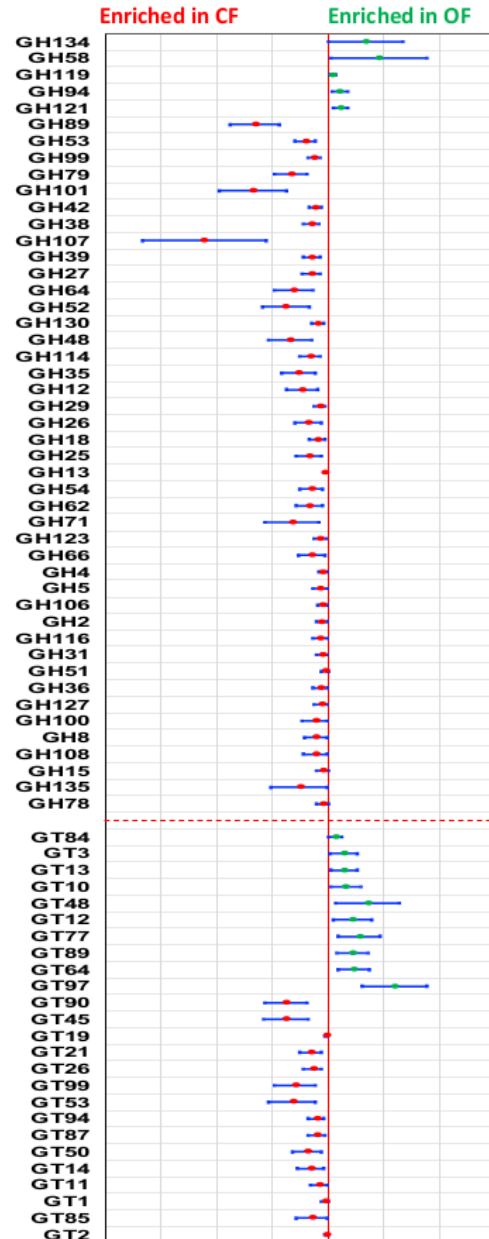
Glycoside Hydrolases



Glycosyl Transferases



Response Ratio

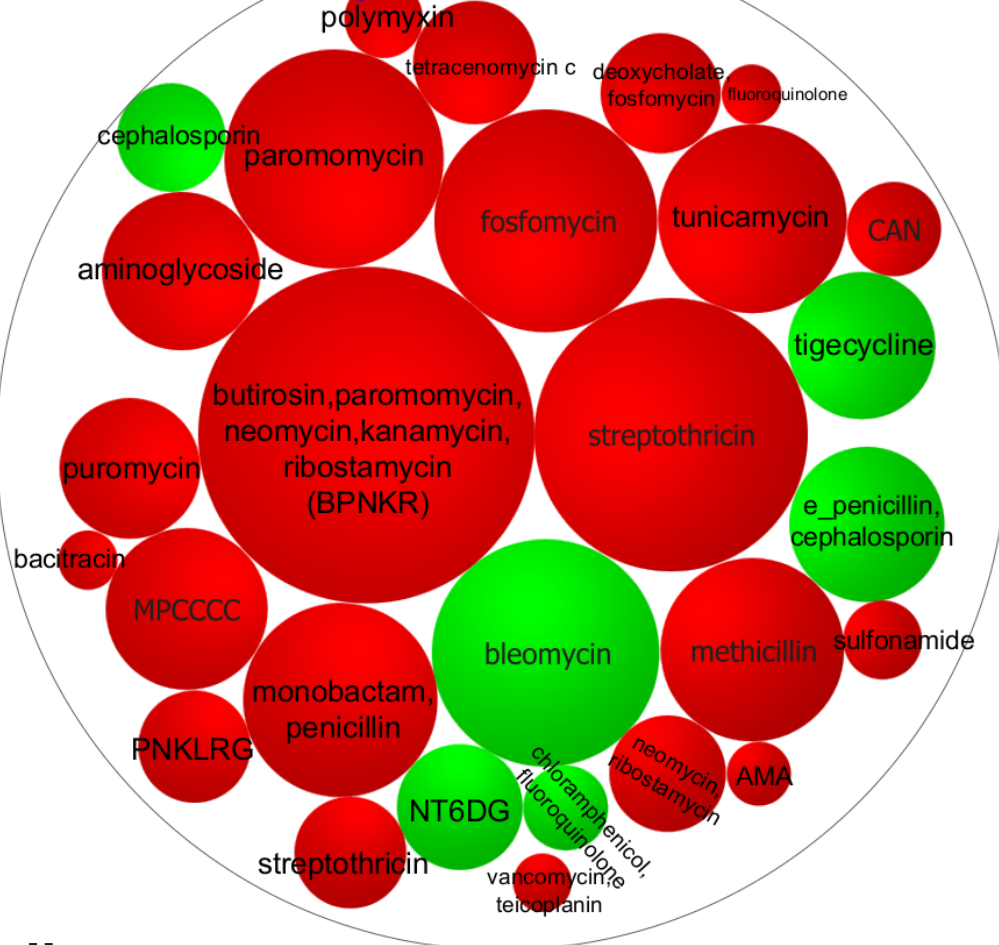


4 long term exp (>30 yrs)
Latitudinal gradient

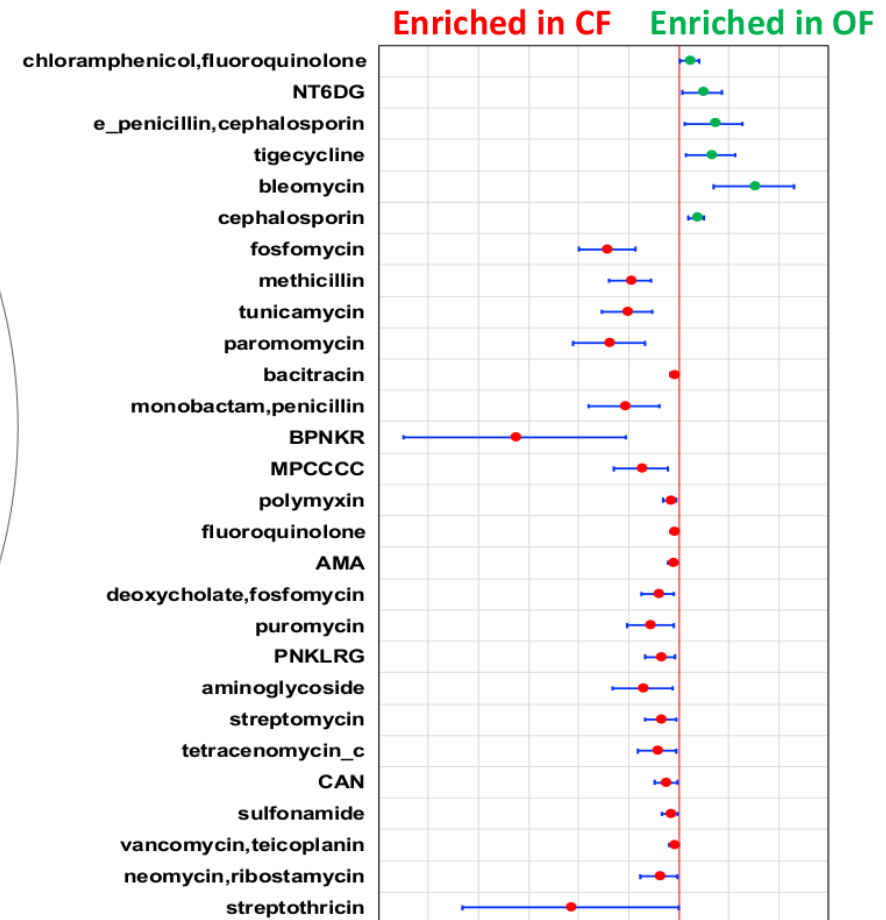
CAZYmes :

→ mobilisation of soil C
difficult to breakdown
and/or soil-bounded C

Resistance genes to different antibiotics



Response Ratio



Toward an agriculture of holobionts ?

A needed soil microorganisms reservoir for plant microbiota recruitment

Detrimental effects of current conventional agriculture on soil microbial reservoir

N inputs to soils and diazotrophy

- Diazotrophs not competitive
No need for N fixation by diazotrophs
=> mitigation of selection pressure on N fixing genes

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Fan *et al. Microbiome* (2019) 7:143
<https://doi.org/10.1186/s40168-019-0757-8>


Microbiome

RESEARCH

Open Access

Suppressed N fixation and diazotrophs
after four decades of fertilization



Kunkun Fan^{1,2}, Manuel Delgado-Baquerizo^{3,4}, Xisheng Guo⁵, Daozhong Wang⁵, Yanying Wu⁶, Mo Zhu⁶, Wei Yu⁶,
Huaiying Yao^{7,8}, Yong-guan Zhu⁷ and Haiyan Chu^{1*} 

Trends in Ecology & Evolution

CellPress
REVIEWS

Review

Agriculture and the Disruption of Plant–Microbial Symbiosis

Stephanie S. Porter¹ and Joel L. Sachs^{2,3,4,*}

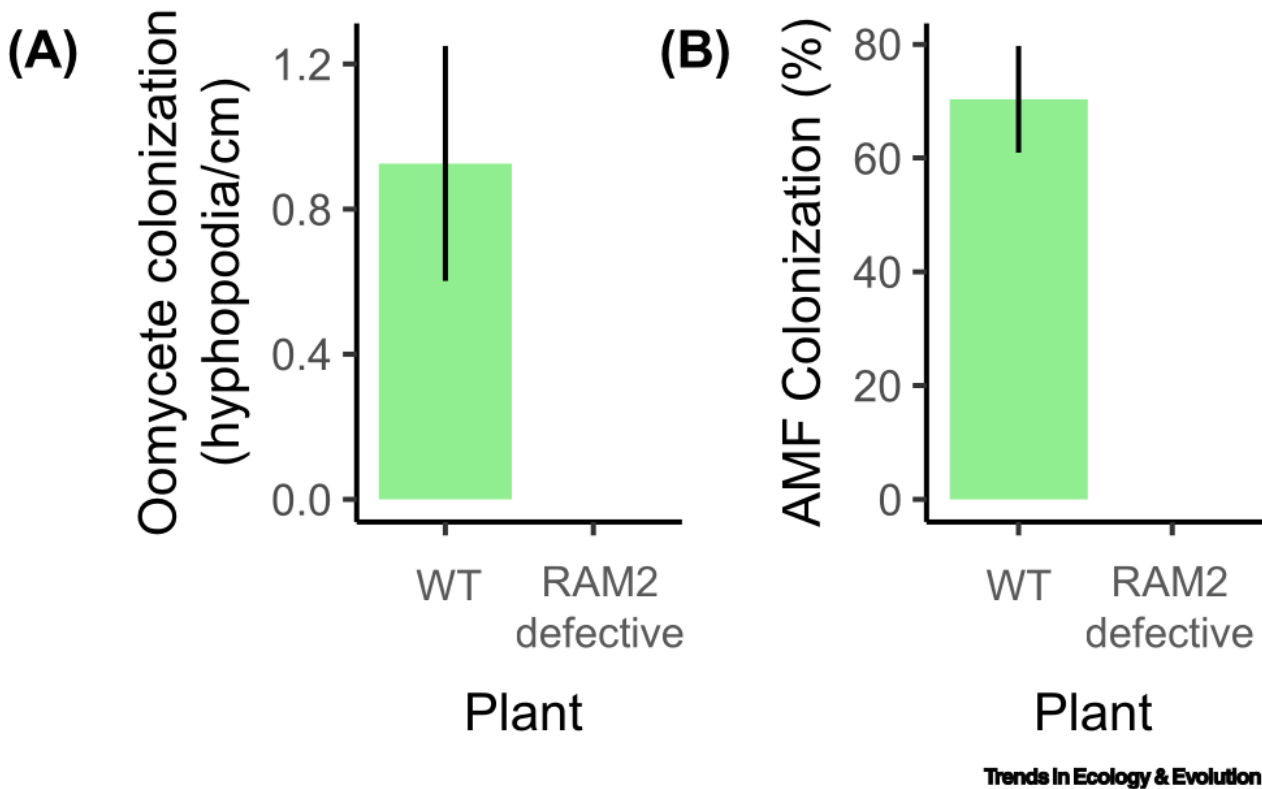
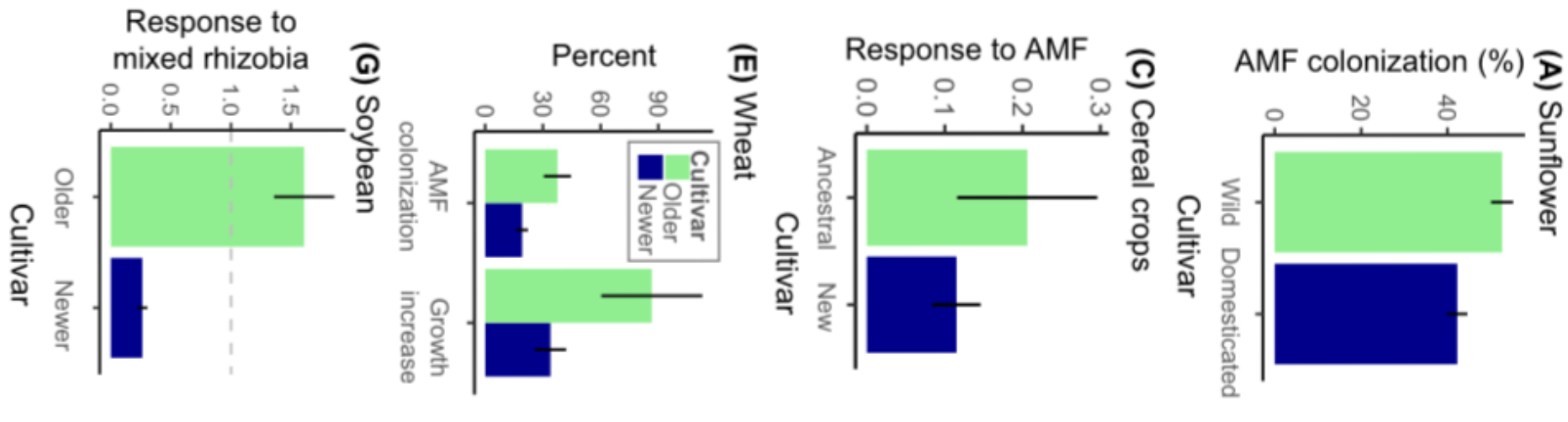


Figure 1. Oomycete Resistance due to Loss of *Reduced Arbuscular Mycorrhization 2 (RAM2)* Results in Loss of Mycorrhization Ability compared with Wild-Type (WT) [109].



Disruption of the plant traits that regulate symbiosis is selectively neutral under agricultural conditions and related artificialization

Human selection and the relaxation of legume defences against ineffective rhizobia

E. Toby Kiers^{1,4,*}, Mark G. Hutton² and R. Ford Denison^{3,4}

‘Modern’ crop more prone to be colonized by cheaters

Research

New
Phytologist 

Impacts of domestication on the arbuscular mycorrhizal symbiosis of 27 crop species

Nieves Martín-Robles¹, Anika Lehmann², Erica Seco¹, Ricardo Aroca³, Matthias C. Rillig² and Rubén Milla¹

¹Departamento de Biología y Geología, Área de Biodiversidad y Conservación, Escuela Superior de Ciencias Experimentales y Tecnología, Universidad Rey Juan Carlos, c/Tulipán s/n, Móstoles 28933, Spain; ²Institut für Biologie, Dahlem Center of Plant Sciences, Freie Universität Berlin, Altensteinstr. 6, 14195 Berlin, Germany; ³Departamento de Microbiología del Suelo y Sistemas Simbióticos, Estación experimental del Zaidín, CSIC, C/Profesor Albareda 1, 18008 Granada, Spain

Toward an agriculture of holobionts ?

A needed reconsideration of the plant breeding strategy

Today, breeding for the best possible plant cultivar in the context of conventional farming and artificialization → not holobiont breeding

Detrimental effect on the capacity of plant to interact and control interactions with microorganisms

Toward an agriculture of holobionts ?

A needed reconsideration of the plant breeding strategy

→ breeding of holobionts NOT host only !

Trends in Plant Science November 2013, Vol. 18, No. 11

Sustainable agriculture: possible trajectories from mutualistic symbiosis and plant neodomestication

Marie Duhamel^{1,2} and Philippe Vandenkoornhuyse¹

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- to the organizers
- to all the peoples that have been involved in this work in the group
- Funding bodies for past and present grants for research

